

- (20) 1. As a review, treat a metal as a free electron gas and calculate:
- (a) the density of states as a function of wave vector and as a function of energy,
 - (b) the density of states at the Fermi level in terms of n and E_F ,
 - (c) the electronic heat capacity,
 - (d) the paramagnetic spin susceptibility,
 - (e) the thermal conductivity,
 - (f) the electrical conductivity,
 - (g) the Wiedeman-Franz ratio.
- (20) 2. Find an expression for the electronic contribution to the heat capacity of a semimetal at very low temperatures for electrons of mass m_e and holes of mass m_h . Let E_e be the energy of the bottom of the electron band and E_h be the energy of the top of the hole band.
- (20) 3. Consider an electron on the Fermi surface of Na with initial motion in the xy plane.
What is the orbital radius in an applied magnetic field of 10^4 gauss?
How is the area of the orbit in real space related to the k -space orbit?
- (20) 4. Consider the problem of an extremal cyclotron orbit in the $k_x k_y$ plane of the Fermi surface for a nonisotropic solid. The equation for the Fermi energy is $E = (Ak_k^2 + Bk_y^2)$. Apply a magnetic field along z and describe the rate at which \vec{k} changes during an orbit when A and B are unequal. Describe the orbit performed in real space for this situation.
- (20) 5. (a) What are Friedel oscillations?
(b) Show that the induced charge density arising from an impurity in a metal is proportional to $r^{-3} \cos(2k_F r)$ at large r (calculate).
(c) What is the Friedel sum rule? Derive it.
(d) Discuss the Kohn effect from the point of view of screening; that is, discuss the influence of the behavior of the Lindhard dielectric function at $q = 2k_F$ on the phonon spectrum of a metal.